





Numerical Modeling of Reinforcement Corrosion in Cracked Concrete

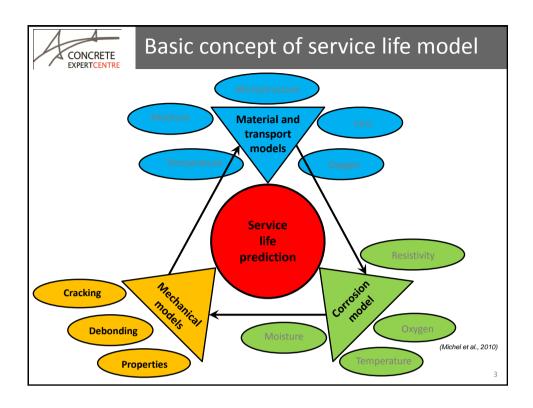
Prepared by: Anna Emilie A. Thybo

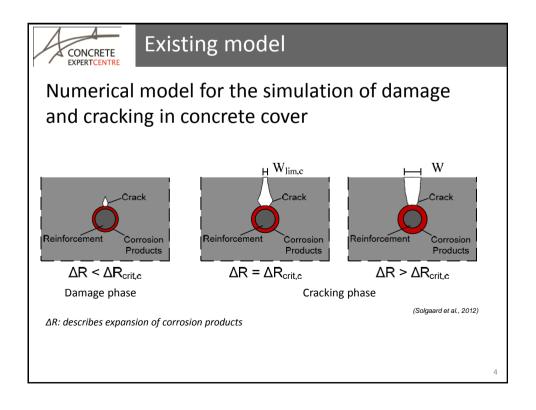
Prepared for: Concrete Expert Centre Reference Group Meeting, March 28, 2012



Outline

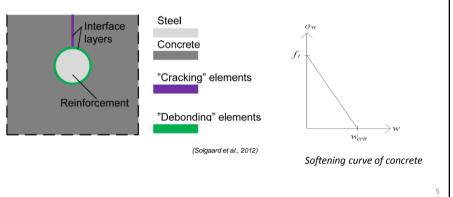
- Basic concept of service life model
- Existing model
 - Modeling of crack formation
 - Modeling of corrosion
 - Time aspects
- Non-uniform corrosion
 - X-ray attenuation investigations
 - Digital image correlation technique
 - Modeling of corrosion shape
- Future work

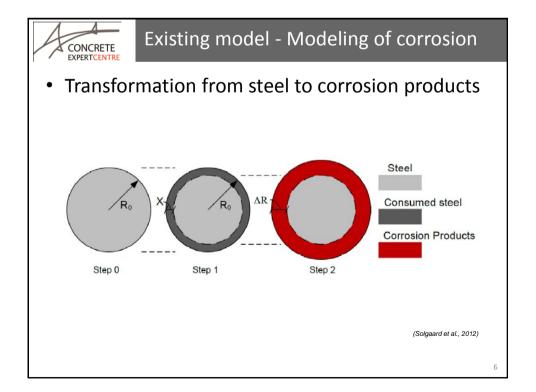




• Damage and crack formation in the concrete cover

Debonding of the concrete/steel interface





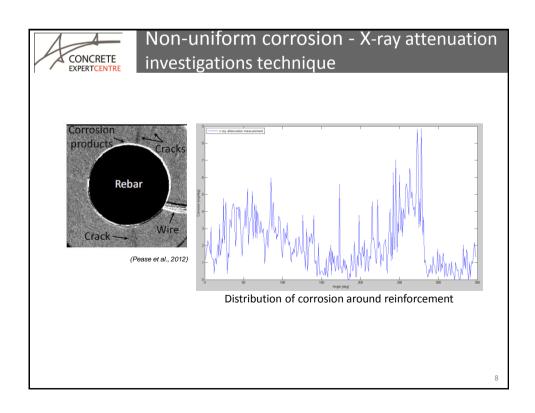


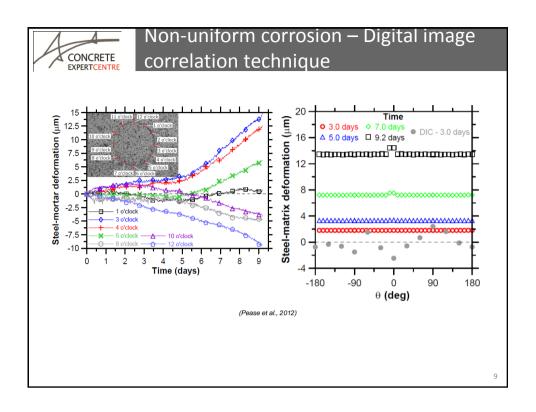
Existing model – Time aspects

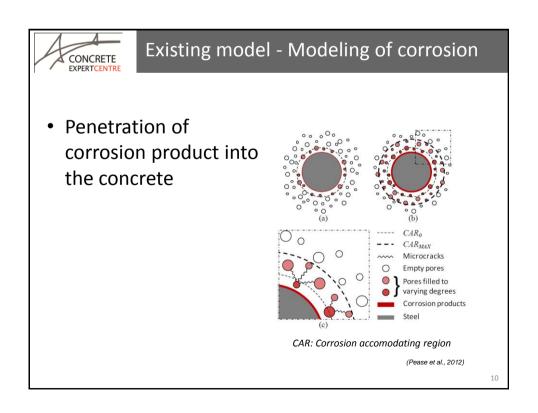
Time to reach cracking limit state, based on Faraday's

			Required time [Years]					
	ΔR	C	D	Low	Moderate	Intermediate	High	Very high
	limits	[mm]	[mm]	i _{cor} =1.72	$i_{cor}=4.29$	$i_{cor}=8.58$	$i_{cor}=42.9$	$i_{cor}=85.8$
	[µm]			[mA/m ²]	$[mA/m^2]$	$[mA/m^2]$	$[mA/m^2]$	$[mA/m^2]$
PC	38	60	20	19	7.6	3.8	0.8	0.4
	74	30	5	37	15	7.4	1.5	0.7
FRC	42	60	20	21	8.4	4.2	0.8	0.4
	105	60	5	53	21	11	2.1	1.1

(Solgaard et al., 2012)



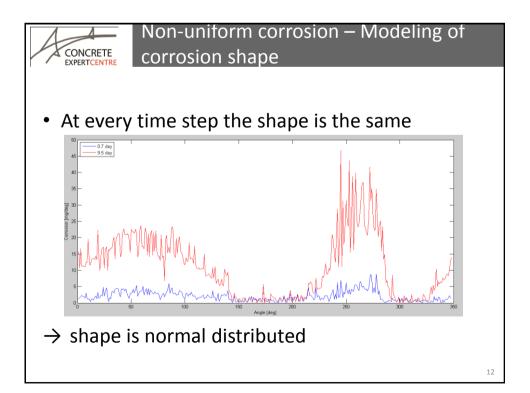






Existing model - Modeling of corrosion

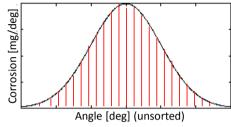
- Elastic properties of reinforcement corrosion products
- Shape of corrosion





Non-unitorm corrosion – Modeling of corrosion shape

- The data is arranged as a normal distribution
- Standard form



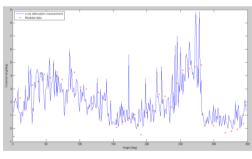
- · Input: Mean and standard deviation
- Output: Placement of values around reinforcement

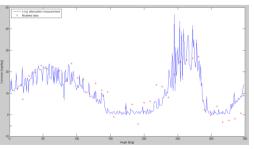
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CONCRETE

Non-uniform corrosion – Modeling of corrosion shape

- Modeled data and experimental data from the same time step
- Modeled data and experimental data from different time steps







Future work

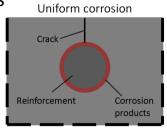
- Non-uniform corrosion related to crack formation
- · Modeling of cracks along reinforcement

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Future work - Non-uniform corrosion related to crack formation

- Implementation of non-uniform corrosion in existing model
- Probabilistic influence on the formation on cracks





t1 = Time when cracking phase initiates

t2 = Time when cracking phase initiates

How is t1 and t2 related? t1 > t2, t2>t1, t1≈t2?



Future work - Modeling of cracks along reinforcement

- Information of anodes length along the reinforcement
- Predicted corrosion rates for the various anodes